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Starting with model year 2020, the Bolt EV will offer an EPA-estimated 259 miles (417 km) of range on a full charge, a 21-mile (34 km) increase over previous model years. With the increased range, the 2020 Bolt EV will appeal to even more customers by allowing them to travel farther between charging sessions.

The new high voltage battery pack capacity is 66 kWh, up from 60 kWh in previous model years. Proprietary improvements in both cell design and manufacturing contribute to the increased capacity. SAE Level 3 DC fast charge rates are also improved for 2020, especially in cold weather, reducing the amount of time spent at a charging station.

**HIGH VOLTAGE BATTERY PACK SERVICE**

The full battery pack and all five battery sections will be available to service at the launch of the 2020 Bolt EV through the GM Battery Service Center (GM BSC) in the U.S. and York ESC in Canada. The new battery pack and sections will appear the same physically on the outside. However, the new N2.2 chemistry for 2020 is NOT compatible with the previous N2.1 chemistry for 2017-2019 Bolt EV models.

**TIP:** Be sure to confirm the correct part number for the repair before ordering and installing the battery pack. Refer to Bulletin #19-NA-194 for ordering battery packs and #18-NA-236 for ordering battery sections.

**EV RANGE**

With the increased EPA label range comes the potential for more customer questions about EV range variation. As with all GM plug-in vehicles, the displayed EV range is an honest estimate based on driving techniques and terrain, ambient temperatures and climate control settings, and battery factors.

When a lower EV range is displayed on the Bolt EV instrument cluster, some customers may lose some confidence in the storage capacity of their vehicle’s battery. GM backs every battery pack with the Bolt EV Electric and Hybrid Warranty. In North America, if the battery pack loses more than 40% of its capacity during the 8-year or 100,000-mile/160,000 km (whichever comes first) EV warranty period, the battery pack may be replaced for the customer.

Check out Bulletin #19-NA-210 for highlights about new tools, service procedures, and diagnostic aids for understanding why the range estimate is lower than expected on the Bolt EV, and...
whether a battery pack repair will increase the EV range. Some of these diagnostic aids are available for certain Volt, Spark EV, and CT6 PHEV vehicles as well. Search for “Reduced EV Range” in the appropriate Service Information for more information about factors that affect EV range.

A new data screen in GDS2 is available under the Hybrid/EV Powertrain Control Module 2 entitled Energy Usage History. Some of the new information available includes the battery capacity in Amp-Hours and the energy impact score from several factors, such as outside temperature, cabin climate, and driving technique.

Share the energy usage data with customers to help better their understanding of why the EV range estimate may be lower than expected. The goal is to increase customer confidence and minimize concerns due to the fluctuations observed in the EV range estimate.

**ACTION CENTER**

A Technical Assistance Center (TAC) Action Center has been established for product feedback on the 2020 Bolt EV propulsion system to help ensure a successful introduction. Report any propulsion or charging issues that warrant prompt and immediate attention, not just concerns requiring technical assistance.

The gathering of information is critical for quick resolution to any propulsion-related concerns. The Action Center is connected directly to TAC and Product Engineering to address any technical concerns.

To report a concern, create a TAC Case using the Dealer Case Management (DCM) system (U.S.). The concern will be answered by a Bolt EV specialist. In Canada, contact the Canada TAC.

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**Incorrect Fuses in Instrument Panel Fuse Block**

The Automatic Engine Stop/Start system (RPO KL9) may be inoperative on some 2019-2020 Silverado 1500 and Sierra 1500 models. DTCs P3055 (DC/DC Converter Output Voltage 1 Performance) and P3056 (DC/DC Converter Output Voltage 2 Performance) may be set in the Engine Control Module.

The inoperative Stop/Start functionality may be caused by fuses F51DR and/or F52DR in the X51R right instrument panel fuse block when they should not be installed. With these fuses installed, it creates additional load for the Power Supply transformer which pulls down the output voltage.

Inspect for a fuse in the F51DR and the F52DR locations of the X51R right instrument panel fuse block. Vehicles equipped with Automatic Engine Stop/Start system should not have any fuses in these two locations. If both locations are empty, then follow normal diagnostics in the appropriate Service Information.

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Thanks to Lane Rezek and Joe Ciagala

Thanks to Paul Radziwlowicz
Inspecting the Diesel Fuel System for Contamination

Water and other contaminants in diesel fuel will create drivability concerns and a loss of engine power. If water and/or debris is present in the fuel system, the fuel cannot cool and lubricate the components properly, which may lead to overheating, rust, corrosion and, ultimately, component failure. Water and debris can enter the fuel system in several ways, either through a contaminated refueling source, plugged venting or through long-term condensation in the fuel tanks of the vehicle.

If fuel system contamination is present on 2017-2020 Silverado 2500/3500, Sierra 2500/3500; 2019-2020 Silverado 4500HD/5500HD/6500HD; and 2020 Silverado 1500 and Sierra 1500 models equipped with the 6.6L V8 Duramax diesel engine (RPO L5P, L5D) or 3.0L I6 Duramax diesel engine (RPO LM2), diagnostics will often lead to removing the fuel/water filter to inspect for contamination. In these cases, use care when removing the fuel/water filter and do not reinstall the fuel/water filter into the housing until the fuel/water separator reservoir has been cleaned.

If the fuel/water filter is removed from the fuel/water separator reservoir incorrectly, any debris in the fuel may fall into the reservoir and get pumped back into the fuel system, leading to the same engine performance concerns.

**TIP:** Do not replace any fuel system components if contamination has been found. Flush the fuel system first. Once the system has been flushed, continue with the diagnostics in the appropriate Service Information.

**FUEL/WATER FILTER OPERATION**

The fuel/water filter assembly consists of a fuel filter/water separator, fuel heater, fuel temperature sensor, and a water in fuel sensor. The filter is designed to remove water as well as any particles/debris from the fuel system.

When fuel/water enters the filter, it travels through the paper filter element (A), which traps particles/debris that were in the fuel that may damage the fuel injection system. Any trapped particles should remain on the outside of the filter. The fuel then travels through the water separator (B), which pulls the water out. The water collects in the bottom of the fuel/water separator reservoir (C). There is a drain in the reservoir. The filtered fuel is returned to the fuel system.

If a new filter is installed without cleaning the fuel/water separator reservoir, any debris that may be in the reservoir may limit the performance of the filter and water separator as well as lead to contaminated fuel re-entering the fuel injection system.
FUEL/WATER FILTER REMOVAL

The fuel/water filter must be removed correctly to prevent debris from entering the fuel/water separator reservoir.

When removing the filter from the housing, use care to not separate the filter from the fuel/water separator reservoir.

To separate the filter from the fuel/water separator reservoir, place the filter downward in a clean, dry drain pan and pull the filter down.

If the filter is facing upward, any debris left on the sides of the filter may escape past the O-ring seal during removal and settle in the fuel/water separator reservoir. Once reinstalled to the housing, the water/debris left in the water/fuel separator reservoir will flow past the filter and directly into the fuel injection system when the engine is started.

Inspect the fuel/water separator reservoir and the filter for heavy debris. If heavy debris is found in the filter, clean the fuel/water separator reservoir and continue with the fuel system flushing procedure.

If no signs of debris are found, clean the fuel/water separator reservoir, install a new filter and refer to the appropriate Service Information to continue diagnosis.

TIP: Some models may have a fuel filter life monitor. Reset the system after installing a new filter using a scan tool or the Driver Information Center controls in the vehicle.

FUEL SYSTEM FLUSHING

With the fuel filter installed, disconnect the chassis-side fuel feed hose from the engine-side fuel feed pipe and place the end of the chassis-side fuel feed hose into a clean container. Run the fuel pump to clean any debris left in the fuel lines. Also clean the fuel/water separator reservoir and install a new fuel filter.

Next, disconnect the chassis-side fuel return hose from the engine-side return pipe. Install a clear line between the fuel supply hose and the fuel return hose and run the fuel pump until the fuel runs clear in the line.

Reconnect the chassis-side fuel feed hose to the engine-side fuel feed pipe. Connect a clear line in series at the fuel return hose to the engine return pipe and run the fuel pump until the fuel runs clear in the line. Reconnect all fuel lines and test for any DTCs or any fuel symptoms.

For additional information, refer to the latest version of Bulletin #18-NA-361.

Thanks to Larry Yaw
The new EL-52545 TPMS and RF tool, which will be shipped as an essential tool to all GM dealerships in the 4th quarter of 2019, is designed to help with diagnosis and repair of systems that rely on radio communications, such as Tire Pressure Monitoring, Keyless Entry (Key Fob Active Functions), Passive Entry and Pushbutton Start.

It features a new communication protocol for TPM systems and Remote Keyless Entry systems that takes advantage of the new Next Generation Digital Vehicle Platform electrical architecture coming on the 2020 Corvette, CT5 and CT4. It's also backward compatible with electrical architectures on 2008 and later GM models.

The EL-52545 TPMS and RF tool package includes:

- TPMS Module
- USB Cable
- RJ45 Cable
- Power Adapter
- OBD II Module
- Hand Strap

**KEY FOB DIAGNOSIS**

The EL-52545 tool offers several unique features for use when diagnosing a Remote Keyless Entry system issue.

The tool can be used to:

- Read the 8-digit VIN from the key-integrated fob or stand-alone key, along with additional data
- Monitor and display the frequency and signal strength for key fob output
- Monitor and display the signal strength for the Passive Entry/Passive Start system signals from the vehicle to the key fob

**KEY FOB SIGNAL DETECTION**

Warranty data shows that about 37% of returned key fobs do not match the VIN on the warranty claim, often due to an accidental mix up with other key fobs during transportation, at the dealership or by the customer.

The Signal Detect function of the EL-52545 tool can be used to display the key fob identification — including the last eight digits of the VIN — associated with the fob, the fob data and the fob part number along with the ability to check the fob frequency and signal strength. With the capability to identify the key fob, it will be much easier to quickly diagnose a customer concern of “this fob doesn’t work on my vehicle.”

To determine the VIN associated with a key fob, select the Signal Detect function on the EL-52545 tool. From the Fob/Key ID screen, the tool will instruct to place the fob on the small pocket on the back of the tool and press OK. The last eight digits of the VIN and the fob part number will be displayed on the tool. If the VIN matches the vehicle, continue with system diagnosis.

CONTINUED ON PAGE 7
The EL-52545 tool also can be used when diagnosing a Passive Entry or Passive Start condition. To test the active capability of the key fob, select RF Auto Detect and hold the key fob in front of the tool. Press a key fob button and the tool will determine the Radio Frequency (RF) signal strength and frequency.

To test the ability of the key fob to respond to a signal from the vehicle, select Signal Detect and then Key Fob Status. With the key fob in front of the tool, press the touch pad on the vehicle door. The tool will display if there is a reply to the vehicle signal from the key fob, indicating if the key fob is communicating with the vehicle.

MORE DETAILS

For more information about the functionality of the EL-52545 tool, check out an earlier TechLink article covering its TPMS features.

To view a video covering some of the RF features of the EL52545 tool, look for the September 2019 edition of the GM Service Know-How Emerging Issues seminar, 10219.09V, on the GM Center of Learning website.

Thanks to Bob Wittmann

Enabling or Disabling Passive Unlocking

The passive door unlocking feature, which uses the button on a door handle to unlock many 2019-2020 GM models, can be enabled and disabled using the Remote Keyless Entry transmitter (key fob).

In addition, on some 2020 models, the passive door unlocking function can be changed in the Settings menu on the infotainment screen.

Passive door unlocking is now widely available throughout the GM lineup. Refer to Bulletin #18-NA-279 for a complete list of models.

The passive door unlocking feature uses the door handle switch signal circuits to provide inputs to the keyless entry control module when a door handle button is pressed. The keyless entry control module provides a 12V signal to each exterior door handle switch via the door handle switch signal circuits. When a door handle button is pressed, the switch closes and the voltage signal within the signal circuit is pulled to ground. The keyless entry control module will detect the voltage drop and a low frequency antenna will transmit a challenge to the key fob, which must be within three feet of the door. If the challenge is met, the key fob will respond and the keyless entry control module will send a serial data message.
New SVG Graphics

The Service Information (SI) now features new Scalable Vector Graphics (SVG) in some of the new SI documents and bulletins. Simply put, this means the new graphics and images in SI can be searched and compressed for better accessibility and can be edited. SVG graphics feature a new toolbar that provides a variety of ways to view the images as well as highlight aspects of them. SVG graphics don’t require any special plug-in viewers, so they can be viewed on any modern web browser. Plus, the SVG functionality allows schematics to be viewed on a tablet or smartphone.

Previously, SI featured TIF and CGM graphics, which meant that special viewers needed to be downloaded using Internet Explorer (IE).

GRAPHICS TOOLBAR

When viewing a document in SI, all graphics and images have a magnifying glass icon next to the graphic. The graphic toolbar is available after clicking the magnifying glass, which enlarges the graphic.

Toolbar functions enable users to enlarge a graphic, zoom in or out, rotate a graphic, fit the image to the height or width of the

Enabling or Disabling Passive Unlocking

to the Body Control Module to command the door or doors to be unlocked.

The passive door unlocking feature can be cycled between enabled and disabled using the key fob. The feature also may be turned on or off, or only the driver’s door or all doors can be selected to unlock, in the Settings > Vehicle > Remote Lock, Unlock, Start menu.

If the passive door unlocking feature is disabled, the doors will not unlock when pressing any door handle button, or the tailgate will remain locked when pressing the tailgate release, and the turn signals will flash quickly four times.

PASSIVE UNLOCKING ENABLE

To enable the unlocking feature if it is currently disabled, with the vehicle off, press and hold the Lock and Unlock buttons on the key fob for three seconds. The turn signals will flash four times to indicate that passive unlocking is now enabled.

With passive unlocking enabled, the doors will unlock when pressing the button on the door handle. On the driver’s door, press the button once to unlock only the driver’s door and press it a second time to unlock all doors, depending on the vehicle setting (if equipped).

PASSIVE UNLOCKING DISABLE

To disable the unlocking feature, with the vehicle off, press and hold the Lock and Unlock buttons on the key fob for three seconds. The turn signals will flash four times to indicate that passive unlocking is now disabled.

With passive unlocking disabled, the doors will remain locked when pressing the button on the door handle.

If there is a concern with the operation of the passive unlocking system, the system may have been disabled inadvertently. Demonstrate to customers how the system can be enabled and disabled so they are aware of how it operates for future use.

Thanks to Bob Wittman
window, print the graphic as well as perform some edit functions. Select the black right arrow icon to expand the toolbar for access to the editing functions. Any edited graphics can be saved to your desktop or printed.

**TIP:** When printing in SI, use the SVG print icon in the toolbar. Do not right click your mouse and select the print function to print a graphic.

**TOOLBAR FUNCTIONALITY**

Selecting the Question Mark button on the toolbar will display the SVG View Tool Toolbar Functionality pop-up, providing helpful information about each tool.

Click each toolbar icon to see a quick tip that indicates its function. Be sure to scroll down in the pop-up screen to view the complete description and operation of each tool.

Toolbar functions include:

**Hyperlink Navigation** – switch into hyperlink navigation mode and left-click to execute link

**Zoom In** – zoom in by 10%

**Zoom Out** – zoom out by 10%

**Magnify Area** – magnifying glass rectangle zooms in by 50%

**Interactive Zoom** – left-click and hold to display magnifying glass zoom rectangle area

**Pan** – interactively shift the visible part of the image within the view window

**Rotate** – rotate the image –90°/+90° (counterclockwise or clockwise)

**Fit All** – scale image to entirely fit into view window

**Fit to Height** – scale height of image to fit into view window

**Fit to Width** – scale width of image to fit into view window

**Highlight Hotspots** – highlight all hotspots in the image

**Show/Hide Red Liner** – hide or show red line toolbar and edits

**Draw Line** – draw a red line

**Draw Text** – add text to image

**Draw Ellipse** – draw an ellipse

**Draw Rectangle** – draw a rectangle

**Draw Freehand** – draw a freehand
g\n
**Draw Highlight** – highlight a hotspot/link

**Edit Object** – edit or move current edit mark or object

**Rotate Object** – rotate a current edit mark or object

If you have any questions or concerns with the new graphics or toolbar, use the SI feedback link (Mail icon) at the top of any SI document.

Thanks to Heather Ball and Lou Winters
The Drive Motor Battery, or high voltage hybrid/EV battery, on 2011-2019 Volt models is cooled or heated in order to maintain a proper temperature that aids system performance and longevity. The energy storage system cooling system uses a 12 V hybrid/EV battery pack coolant pump, a refrigerant/coolant heat exchanger (chiller) and the electric A/C compressor motor control module assembly to cool down the high voltage hybrid/EV battery. There is also a high voltage heater inside the hybrid/EV battery to heat the coolant entering the hybrid/EV battery when needed. The hybrid/EV battery pack cooling system circulates a pre-mixed DEX-COOL solution, which is a 50/50 mixture of DEX-COOL coolant and de-ionized water.

Any time the high voltage battery pack is removed from the vehicle, extra caution must be used so that coolant does not enter any of the electrical connections. The Drive Motor Battery Replacement procedure in the appropriate Service Information instructs to install smoke test adapters (smoke plugs) or equivalent on the electrical connectors of the BDU before removing the coolant hoses that go into the battery pack. If the smoke plugs are not used, there is the possibility that any coolant from the hoses may splash onto the connectors and cause corrosion, quickly leading to an electrical concern. In most cases, DTC P1EC3 (Hybrid/EV Battery Pack Heater Transistor Control Circuit) will be set in the Hybrid Powertrain Control Module 2 (HPCM2) if the connectors become corroded.
SMOKE PLUGS FOR GEN 1 AND GEN 2

On 2011-2015 Volt models (Generation 1), use the EL-50812 Battery Leak Test Kit, which includes low voltage connector plugs and high voltage connector plugs specific to Gen 1 models.

On 2016-2019 Volt models (Generation 2), use the High Voltage Battery Smoke Test Adapters from the EL-51753 Battery Leak Test Kit, which are high voltage connector plugs specific to Gen 2 models, and the low voltage connector plugs from the EL-50812 Battery Leak Test Kit.

CORRECT PROCEDURE

**TIP:** Prior to servicing any High Voltage component or connection, always perform the High Voltage Disabling procedure. Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) and proper procedures must be followed.

Behind the underbody air deflectors, there are two electrical connectors at the front of the Drive Motor Battery.

After disconnecting the electrical connectors, cover the connectors using the proper smoke test adapters (smoke plugs) or equivalent. The smoke plugs will prevent any coolant from contaminating the electrical connectors when the coolant ports are disconnected.

Do not remove the Driver Motor Battery cooler outlet or inlet hoses without first installing the smoke plugs on the electrical connectors. Coolant that splashes onto the connectors will cause corrosion.

Thanks to Dave Rainey
Steering Wheel Oscillation Conditions

Some 2020 Silverado 2500HD/3500HD and Sierra 2500HD/3500HD models may have a steering wheel oscillation, vibration or shake condition at speeds of 50–80 mph (80–129 km/h). It may be possible high road force, out of balance tire and wheel assemblies, or a steering gear calibration that is not optimized that may be causing the steering wheel oscillation condition.

To correct this condition, first road test the vehicle with the PicoScope from the CH-51450 Oscilloscope Diagnostic Kit to determine the source of the vibration.

Mount the PicoScope vibration sensor to the driver’s seat track and perform a road test at 50–80 mph (80–129 km/h) on a smooth road. Drive the vehicle a minimum of 10 minutes to warm up the tires prior to measuring seat track vibration.

**ROAD FORCE BALANCE CORRECTION**

If the T1 Y-axis is consistently more than 25 mg, service all wheel and tire assemblies following the latest version of Bulletin #10-03-10-001. When mounting the wheels to the tire and wheel balancer equipment, make sure the assembly is held tightly centered in order to get a correct measurement. Use the proper adapters to maintain a centered assembly.

**TIP:** Before measuring tires on GM-approved tire force variation measurement equipment, the vehicle must be driven a minimum of 15 miles (24 km) to ensure removal of any flat-spotting.

Road force balance the assemblies. It is recommended to get the road force values to less than 30 lbs. on the front tires and less than 45 lbs. on the rear tires.

**UPDATE CALIBRATION**

If the T1 Y-axis is consistently under 25 mg and steering wheel oscillation is persistent (after correcting the wheel and tire assembly, if needed), update the K43 Power Steering Control Module with the latest steering gear calibration. Record the SPS Warranty Claim Code on the job card for warranty transaction submission.

**TIP:** The steering wheel must be centered and all lead/pull conditions must be corrected prior to updating the Power Steering Control Module.

After reprogramming, perform a Learned Value Reset using GDS 2 to clear out all adaptive data from the Power Steering Control Module.

Perform a road test again at 50–80 mph (80–129 km/h) on a smooth road to confirm the steering wheel oscillation has been reduced.

For additional information, refer to Bulletin #19-NA-240.

Thanks to Kevin Minor